## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for determining a new path through a data network that accounts for priority levels associated with established paths in the data network, wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS), comprising:

determining data network link attributes provided by various label switched routers in the data network;

storing the determined link attributes in a database;

determining a highest priority level on which preemption will occur to establish a new

LSP;

determining a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP;

determining a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new

LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and

making a new LSP selection.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: determining a priority level associated with the new pathLSP.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 2, further comprising: determining a resource requirement associated with the new pathLSP.
- 4. (Original) The method in claim 2, further comprising: analyzing priority level information associated with data network links.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 4, further comprising:
  using the priority level information, selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that has a
  minimal impact on established pathsLSPs having a priority level lower than the priority level
  associated with the new pathLSP.
- (Currently Amended) The method in claim 5, further comprising:
   taking into account which or how many priority levels of established paths LSPs would be preempted by different path LSP candidates.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: selecting as the new pathLSP a shortest pathLSP from different pathLSP candidates having a requisite bandwidth and requisite priority with a least preemptive effect on established pathsLSPs.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that reduces preemption of lower priority established pathsLSPs.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preempts a lowest priority level established pathLSP.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preempts a least amount of reserved resources of an established pathLSP.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1, further comprising: selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preserves a largest amount of unreserved resources of an established pathLSP at a lowest priority level.

12. (Currently Amended) A method for selecting a new path through a data network that accounts for preemption of an established path in the data network by the new path, wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS), comprising:

determining data network link attributes provided by various label switched routers in the data network;

storing the determined link attributes in a database;

determining a highest priority level on which preemption will occur to establish a new

LSP;

determining a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP; and

determining a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new

LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and

selecting the new LSP.

- 13. (Original) The method in claim 12, further comprising: using one or more parameters to estimate the preemption.
- 14. (Original) The method in claim 13, wherein the one or more parameters include a maximum bandwidth for each link in the data network.
- 15. (Original) The method in claim 13, wherein the one or more parameters include a maximum reservable bandwidth for each link in the data network.
- 16. (Original) The method in claim 13, wherein the one or more parameters include an available bandwidth at each of multiple priority levels for each link in the data network.
  - 17. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 12, further comprising: selecting a pathLSP with a minimal number of preempted priority levels.

- 18. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 12, further comprising: selecting a pathLSP with a minimal preempted bandwidth.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 12, further comprising: at <u>a an affected priority level that will be affected by the new LSP</u>, selecting a <u>pathLSP</u> with a minimal bandwidth of the affected priority level.
  - 20. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 12, further comprising: selecting a pathLSP that maximizes unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 12, further comprising employing one or more of the following to reduce preemption:
  - (1) selecting a pathLSP that minimizes a number of preempted priority levels,
  - (2) selecting a path<u>LSP</u> that minimizes a the total amount of preempted bandwidth,
- (3) at an affected priority level, selecting a pathLSP that minimizes a bandwidth of the affected priority level, and
- (4) selecting a path<u>LSP</u> that maximizes unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level.
  - 22. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 21, further comprising: selecting a shortest pathLSP from candidate paths that satisfy one or more of (1)-(3).
  - 23. Cancelled.
  - 24. Cancelled.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1224, wherein the data network link attributes are provided by Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) extensions.
  - 26. Cancelled.

- 27. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 1226, further comprising minimizing preemption of established pathLSPs by performing one or more of the following:
  - (1) minimizing affected priority levels;
  - (2) at the affected priority level, minimizing the bandwidth preempted;
- (3) maximizing unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level along the pathLSP; and
  - (4) any combination of (1)-(3).
- 28. (Currently Amended) A method for selecting a new path through a data network that reduces or minimizes a preemptive effect on one or more established paths in the data network by the new path, wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS), comprising:

determining data network link attributes provided by various label switched routers in the data network;

storing the determined link attributes in a database;

determining a highest priority level on which preemption will occur to establish a new

LSP;

determining a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP;

determining a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new

LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and

making a new LSP selection.

29. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 28, further comprising: determining a priority level and a bandwidth associated with the new pathLSP.

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is available at a lowest priority level.

- 30. (Original) The method in claim 29, further comprising:

  determining bandwidth reservations for each link in the data network including a maximum bandwidth and an available bandwidth at each priority level.
  - 31. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 30, further comprising: eliminating links with insufficient resources to support the new pathLSP.
  - 32. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 31, further comprising: restricting remaining links to least cost pathsLSPs.
- for remaining paths, determining one or more of the following: (1) which lower priority level or levels will be affected by set up of the new pathLSP, (2) how much reserved bandwidth will be preempted at each priority level by the new pathLSP, and (3) how much free bandwidth

(Currently Amended) The method in claim 31, further comprising:

- 34. (Currently Amended) The method in claim 33, further comprising: selecting from one or more of (1)-(3) a pathLSP that preempts the lowest priority level, the least amount of reserved bandwidth, or most amount of unreserved bandwidth at the lowest priority level.
- 35. (Original) The method in claim 28, wherein the path selection is made using a Constrained Shortest Path First (CSPF)-based algorithm.
- 36. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for determining a new path through a data network comprising:
- a database for storing attributes for links in the data network including priority level information associated with the data network links, and

LSP;

data processing circuitry coupled to the database and configured to determine the new path taking into account the priority level information associated with the data network links stored in the database;

wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol

Label Switching (MPLS) and the database stores link attributes from various label switched

routers in the data network, and wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to:

determine a highest priority level on which preemption will occur in establishing a new

determine a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP;

determine a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and

make a new LSP selection.

- 37. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to determine a priority level associated with the new pathLSP.
- 38. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 37, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to determine a resource requirement associated with the new pathLSP.
- 39. (Original) The apparatus in claim 37, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to analyze priority level information associated with data network links.
- 40. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 39, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to use the priority level information in selecting as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that has a minimal impact on established pathsLSPs having a priority level lower then the priority level associated with the new pathLSP.

- 41. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 40, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to take into account which or how many priority levels of established pathsLSPs would be preempted by different pathLSP candidates.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to select as the new pathLSP a shortest pathLSP from different pathLSP candidates having a requisite bandwidth and requisite priority with a least preemptive effect on established pathsLSPs.
- 43. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to select as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that reduces preemption of lower established pathsLSPs.
- 44. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to select as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preempts lowest priority level established pathsLSPs.
- 45. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to select as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preempts a least amount of reserved resources of an established pathLSP.
- 46. (Currently Amended) The apparatus in claim 36, wherein the data processing circuitry is configured to select as the new pathLSP a pathLSP that preserves a largest amount of reserved resources of an established pathLSP at a lowest priority level.
- 47. (Currently Amended) A router for use in a data communications network, comprising:

path selection circuitry configured to determine a new path through the data network taking into account preemption information associated with data network links stored in the database; and

data packet forwarding circuitry configured to forward data packets on established paths; and

a database coupled to the path selection circuitry for storing attributes for data network links.

wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol

Label Switching (MPLS), wherein link attributes from various label switched routers in the data

network are stored in the database, and wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to:

determine a highest priority level on which preemption will occur in establishing a new

determine a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP;

determine a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and

select a new LSP.

LSP;

- 48. Cancelled.
- 49. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to use one or more attributes to estimate the preemption.
- 50. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the one or more attributes includes a maximum bandwidth for each data network link.
- 51. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the one or more attributes includes a maximum reservable bandwidth for each data network link.

- 52. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the one or more attributes includes an available bandwidth at each of multiple priority levels for each data network link.
- 53. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to select a <u>pathLSP</u> that reduces a number of preempted priority levels.
- 54. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>47</u>48, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to select a <u>pathLSP</u> that reduces a total amount of preempted bandwidth.
- 55. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein at <u>a an affected priority</u> level that will be affected by the new <u>LSP</u>, the path selection circuitry is configured to select a <u>pathLSP</u> that reduces a bandwidth of the affected priority level.
- 56. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to select a <u>pathLSP</u> that reduces unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level.
- 57. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4748</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to employ one or more of the following to reduce preemption by:
  - (1) selecting a path<u>LSP</u> that minimizes a number of preempted priority levels,
  - (2) selecting a path<u>LSP</u> that minimizes a total amount of preempted bandwidth,
- (3) at an affected priority level, selecting a path LSP that minimizes a bandwidth of the affected priority level, and
- (4) selecting a pathLSP that maximizes unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level.

- 58. (Currently Amended) The router in claim 57, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to select a shortest path LSP from candidate paths that satisfy one or more of (1)-(3).
  - 59. Cancelled.
  - 60. Cancelled.
- 61. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4760</u>, wherein the link attributes are provided by Internet Gateway Protocol (IGP) extensions.
- 62. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4760</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to use link attributes in selecting the new <u>pathLSP</u>.
- 63. (Currently Amended) The router in claim 47, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to employ a Constrained Shortest Path First (CSPF)-based algorithm to select the new pathLSP.
  - 64. Cancelled.
- 65. (Currently Amended) The router in claim <u>4760</u>, wherein the path selection circuitry is configured to minimize preemption of links by performing one or more of the following:
- (1) minimizing <u>a number of affected-priority levels</u> along the <u>pathLSP that will be</u> affected by the new LSP;
  - (2) at <u>an the-affected priority level</u>, minimizing the bandwidth preempted;
  - (3) maximizing unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level along the pathLSP;
  - (4) any combination of (1)-(3).
  - 66. (Currently Amended) A Label Switched Router (LSR), comprising: means for storing attributes of links in a data network;

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means for selecting a new path through a data network that minimizes a preemptive effect on one or more established paths in the data network by the new path; and means for forwarding data packets on established paths,

wherein the paths are Label Switched Paths (LSPs) established using Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS), link attributes from various label switched routers in the data network are stored in the means for storing, and wherein means for selecting includes:

means for determining a highest priority level on which preemption will occur in establishing a new LSP;

means for determining a bandwidth that will be preempted by the new LSP; means for determining a total bandwidth that will be preempted on all priority levels by the new LSP and the unreserved bandwidth at a lowest priority level; and means for selecting the new LSP.

- 67. (Currently Amended) The LSR in claim 66, further comprising: means for determining a priority level and a bandwidth associated with the new pathLSP.
- (Original) The LSR in claim 67, further comprising: means for determining bandwidth reservations for data network links including a maximum bandwidth and an available bandwidth at each priority level.
  - 69. (Currently Amended) The LSR in claim 68, further comprising: means for eliminating links with insufficient resources to support the new pathLSP.
  - 70. (Currently Amended) The LSR in claim 69, further comprising: means for restricting remaining links to least cost pathsLSPs.

71. (Currently Amended) The LSR in claim 69, further comprising:

means for remaining links, determining one or more of the following: (1) which lower priority level or levels will be affected by set up of the new pathLSP, (2) how much reserved bandwidth will be preempted at each priority level by the new pathLSP, and (3) how much free bandwidth is available at a lowest priority level.

72. (Currently Amended) The LSR in claim <u>7172</u>, further comprising:

means for selecting a path<u>LSP</u> that preempts the lowest priority level, the least amount of reserved bandwidth, or most amount of unreserved bandwidth at the lowest priority level.